

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER OF PATENTS AND TRADEMARKS Washington, D.C. 20231 www.iispto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.	
08/818,771	03/14/1997	MOJTABA MIRASHRAFI	002784.P001	9980	
75	90 02/27/2003				
KAPLAN & GILMAN, LLP			EXAMINER		
900 ROUTE 9 I WOODBRIDG		·	NGUYEN, STEVEN H D		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2665		
			DATE MAILED: 02/27/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application	No.	Applicant(s)			
	08/818,771		MIRASHRAFI ET AL.			
* Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit			
	Steven HD I		2665			
The MAILING DATE of this community  Period for Reply	unication appears on the c	over sheet with th	e correspondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUI  - Extensions of time may be available under the provision after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this core. If the period for reply specified above, the maximum Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply and reply received by the Office later than three month earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NICATION. ons of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event mmunication. or (30) days, a reply within the statutor statutory period will apply and will e ply will, by statute, cause the applicate after the mailing date of this communication.	t, however, may a reply bo ory minimum of thirty (30) expire SIX (6) MONTHS fo ation to become ABANDO	days will be considered timely.  Tom the mailing date of this communication (35 U.S.C. § 133).	tion.		
1) Responsive to communication(s)	filed on 18 December 20	<u>)02</u> .				
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> .	2b)⊠ This action is n	on-final.				
3) Since this application is in conditicont closed in accordance with the practice of Claims				s is		
4) Claim(s) 1-4,6-9,11,13-19,21-25,2	29.30 and 33-38 is/are pe	ending in the appli	cation.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) is.	· ·	-				
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) <u>1-4,6-9,11,13-19,21-25,2</u>	9.30 and 33-38 is/are rei	ected.				
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	<u> </u>					
8) Claim(s) are subject to rest		quirement.				
Application Papers		•				
9) The specification is objected to by	the Examiner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/ard	e: a)□ accepted or b)□ o	bjected to by the E	xaminer.			
Applicant may not request that any o	objection to the drawing(s) b	e held in abeyance.	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11)☐ The proposed drawing correction fil	led on is: a)□ app	oroved b)⊡ disap	proved by the Examiner.			
If approved, corrected drawings are	, , , , ,	e action.				
12) The oath or declaration is objected	to by the Examiner.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a clai	im for foreign priority und	er 35 U.S.C. § 119	9(a)-(d) or (f).			
a)☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of	· ·					
1. Certified copies of the priorit	ty documents have been	received.				
2. Certified copies of the priorit	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
<ul><li>3. Copies of the certified copie application from the Inte</li><li>* See the attached detailed Office act</li></ul>	rnational Bureau (PCT R	lule 17.2(a)).	•			
14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim	n for domestic priority und	ler 35 U.S.C. § 11	9(e) (to a provisional applica	ation).		
<ul> <li>a) ☐ The translation of the foreign label</li> <li>15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim</li> </ul>						
Attachment(s)						
<ol> <li>Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)</li> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review</li> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449)</li> </ol>	(PTO-948) 5		nary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) nal Patent Application (PTO-152)	_•		

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 and 33 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) do not apply to the examination of this application as the application being examined was not (1) filed on or after November 29, 2000, or (2) voluntarily published under 35 U.S.C. 122(b). Therefore, this application is examined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).

3. Claim 29 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Haserodt (USP 6031836).

As claim 29, Haserodt discloses in Fig 2, a client including means for transmitting a request that target the server 105 and means for retransmitting the marked up request after receiving a mark up form which marked up by a bridge server 104; (See col. 3, lines 55 to col. 4, lines 60, the bridge server marked up the requested into a markup form to forward to client).



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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1-4, 11, 17-19, 21 and 33-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Herz (USP 5754938) in view Van Hoff (USP 5822539).

As claim 1-4, 11, 17-19, 21 and 33-35, Herz discloses a bridge server "proxy server, S2" for receiving a request for content of a target server "Server S4" which is not targeting the bridge server; determining by said bridge server based on the received request, additional content other than the requested content to be provided to the client system by the network server (col. 39, lines 64 to col. 4, lines 36 wherein the addition information is belong to the retrieved information of a server 4). Herz does not disclose a step of determining addition content based on the received request from the client. However, Van Hoff discloses a step of determining if any addition contents are associated with the remote information server, then selecting an addition content to relay to the user (Fig 2, Ref 120 for determining if any documents are related to the requested information, if yes, selecting the addition information for merging into the document from the server 104); a step of sending an additional content without altering from requested information (It's implicitly shown by Van Hoff because Van Hoff does not disclose a step of altering As claim 3); an addition information comprising hyperlink to identify the additional



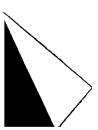
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content information; information being mark or tag by hyperlink such as URL to allow the user to retrieve the addition information (See Fig 4; As claim 11, 17-18 and 21).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention was made to apply a step of determining if addition content is required for the requested before receiving the content information from the targeting server as disclosed Van Hoff's method and system into Herz's system. The motivation would have been to reduce the delay time and improve the throughput of a server.

6. Claims 24-25 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Haserodt as applied to claim 29 above, and further in view of Rondeau (USP 5850433).

As claims 24-25, Haserodt discloses a bridge server (Fig 1, Ref 104) for receiving a request for content which targets a network server (Fig 1, 105); the bridge server 104 marks up the request and returns to the user for resubmitting (Fig 1, Ref 1, Fig 2 discloses a server 104 for receiving a request for content of a network server 105 from user 113; the server 104 generates a marked up request form "Ref 204 is web page which contains mark up request of the user" for transmitting to the user 113; allowing the user 113 to resubmit the request the marked up content to server 104; See col. 3, lines 55 to col. 4, lines 60) and a bridge server (Fig 2, Ref 104) removing the marked up content after receiving a resubmitted request and forwarding the request to the server (Fig 2, Ref 105, the server removed the requested data from the marked up form and forwards the requested data to the server 105; See col. 3, lines 55 to col. 4, lines 60). However, Rondeau discloses a marking up being performed in a manner that specified the addition contention to be provided (a client clicks on the telephone icon to talk to the telephone 22 for



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addition content; Fig 1, Ref 28 which provides a telephone number "additional contain" to client for establishing a telephone call).

Since, Rondeau suggests a method of embedding the telephone number into a mark up page. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to apply a telephone number into a web page as addition content for allowing a user to contact with an agent for obtaining more information as disclosed by Rondeau into Harserolt's communication system. The motivation would have been to prevent the human error.

As claim 30, Haserolt does not disclose the claimed invention. However, Rondeau disclosed a client system that transmits another request upon receiving an identifier of addition content from a server "Fig 1, Ref 28"; (a client clicks on the telephone icon to talk to the telephone 22 for addition content).

Since, Rondeau suggests a method of embedding the telephone number into a mark up page. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to apply a telephone number into a web page as addition content for allowing a user to contact with an agent for obtaining more information as disclosed by Rondeau into Harserolt's communication system. The motivation would have been to prevent the human error.

7. Claims 6-9, 22 and 36-38 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Herz and Van Hoff as applied to claims 1, 19 and 33 above, and further in view of Rondeau (USP 5850433).

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As claims 6-9, 22 and 36-38, Herz and Van Hoff fail to disclose the claim invention. Rondeau discloses the additional content information comprising an option to make a phone call by allowing a user to click on the icon (Fig 2, Ref 54) to make a phone call via the network to a PSTN handset (Fig 1, Ref 22) and the addition content such as telephone number must be marked by the access server for returning to the user in a form such as icon or button.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to apply a database server which includes a telephone icon as disclosed by Rondeau into a server's Herz and Van Hoff. The motivation would have been to reduce the amount of time required to place a telephone to one of provider.

8. Claims 13-16 and 23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Herz and Van Hoff as applied to claims 1 and 19 above, and further in view of Haserodt (USP 6031836).

As claims 13-16 and 23, Herz and Van Hoff do not disclose the claimed invention. However, in the same field of endeavor, Haserodt a bridge server (Fig 1, Ref 104) for receiving a request for content which targets a network server (Fig 1, 105); the bridge server 104 marks up the request and returns to the user for resubmitting (Fig 1, Ref 1, Fig 2 discloses a server 104 for receiving a request for content of a network server 105 from user 113; the server 104 generates a mark up request form for transmitting to the user 113; allowing the user 113 to resubmit the request the marked up content to server 104) for establishing a telephone call; See col. 3, lines 55 to col. 4, lines 60.

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention was made to apply a step of marking up the request for transmitting to the client and

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allowing the client to resubmit the request as disclosed by Haserodt into Herz and Van Hoff's communication system. The motivation would have been to allow a client to contact with an agent in real time.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Steven HD Nguyen whose telephone number is (703) 308-8848. The examiner can normally be reached on 8-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Huy D Vu can be reached on (703) 308-6602. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9314 for regular communications and (703) 872-9314 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-4700.

Steven HD Nguyen Primary Examiner

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February 23, 2003